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# USER GUIDE & INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Professional+ FX 90 Dual Fuel



RANGEMastei





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Rangemaster will feature a number of entries on the website online gallery and on the Rangemaster Facebook page, and some kitchens may be selected to be professionally photographed.

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# RANGEMaster

Our range cookers are well known for providing the best possible cooking performance and years of faithful service. However, a great cooker alone cannot guarantee perfect results every time. The other vital ingredients are of course enthusiasm and quality cookware.

We offer cookware to work perfectly with all fuel types manufactured by Rangemaster, including induction hobs. You can be assured of functionality with style, as well as the quality and meticulous attention to detail you expect from the pioneers of range cooking.

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# 1. Before You Start...

Your cooker should give you many years of trouble-free cooking if installed and operated correctly. It is important that you read this section before you start.

# **Personal Safety**

This appliance is for cooking purposes only. It must not be used for other purposes, for example heating a room. Using it for any other purpose could invalidate any warranty or liability claim. Besides invalidating claims this wastes fuel and may overheat the control knobs.

This appliance is for use in Great Britain and the Republic of Ireland. It is a Cat II<sub>2H3+</sub> cooker and is set for G20 at 20 mbar. (A conversion kit for LPG is available for the cooker).

- This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved.
- Children less than 8 years of age should be kept away unless continuously supervised. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.
- This appliance is designed for domestic cooking only.
   Use for any other purpose could invalidate any warranty or liability claim.
- The appliance and its accessible parts become hot during use and will retain heat even after you have stopped cooking. Care should be taken to avoid touching heating elements.
- A long term cooking process has to be supervised from time to time. A short term cooking process has to be supervised continuously.
- At the risk of fire **DO NOT** store items on the cooking surfaces.
- To avoid overheating, **DO NOT** install the cooker behind a decorative door.
- Accessible parts will become hot during use and will retain heat even after you have stopped cooking. Keep babies and children away from the cooker and never wear loose-fitting or hanging clothes when using the appliance.
- DO NOT use a steam cleaner on your cooker.
- Always keep combustible materials, e.g. curtains, and flammable liquids a safe distance away from the cooker.
- DO NOT spray aerosols in the vicinity of the cooker while it is on.

# **Electrical Connection Safety**

A Gas Safe registered engineer should service the cooker and only approved spare parts should be used.

The electrical installation must be installed in accordance with all relevant British Standards/Codes of Practice, BS 7671. Or with the relevant national and local regulations and with the local gas and electricity supply companies' requirements.

Otherwise, all installations must be in accordance with the relevant instructions in this booklet.

Read the instructions before installing or using this appliance.

- This appliance is heavy so take care when moving it.
- The cooker may be installed in a kitchen/kitchen diner but **NOT** in a room containing a bath or shower.
- This cooker must be earthed.
- This cooker MUST NOT be connected to an ordinary domestic power point.
- It is normal for the hob control display to flash for about 2 seconds during first power setting.
- Set the clock to make sure that the oven is functional see the relevant section in this manual.
- The appliance must be installed in accordance with the regulations in force and only in a well ventilated space.
- Failure to install the appliance correctly could invalidate any warranty or liability claims and lead to prosecution.
- **DO NOT** install the appliance on a platform.
- **DO NOT** manouvre the cooker while it is plugged into the electricity supply.
- Before electrical reconnection, check that the appliance is electrically safe.

# **Gas Connection Safety**

- This cooker is a Class 2 Subclass 1 appliance.
- This appliance can be converted for use on another gas.
- Before installation, make sure that the cooker is suitable for your gas type and supply voltage. See the data badge.
- **DO NOT** use reconditioned or unauthorised gas controls.
- Disconnect from the electricity and gas supply before servicing.
- When servicing or replacing gas-carrying components disconnect from the gas supply before starting operation. Check the appliance is gas sound after completion.
- Make sure that the gas supply is turned on and that the cooker is wired in and switched on.
- In your own interest and that of safety, it is law that all gas appliances be installed by a qualified person(s).
- An appliance for use on LPG must not be installed in a room or internal space below ground level, e.g. in a basement.
- · This cooker must be installed in accordance with:
  - British Standards/Codes of Practice, BS 5440 Part 2
  - Natural Gas: BS 6172 and BS 6891
  - LP Gas: BS 5482-1 (when the installation is in a permanent dwelling)
  - · Gas Safety (Installation and Use) regulations
  - Relevant Building/IET regulations

# If You Smell Gas

- DO NOT turn electric switches on or off
- DO NOT smoke
- **DO NOT** use naked flames
- Turn off the gas at the meter or cylinder
- · Open doors and windows to get rid of the gas
- · Keep people away from the area affected
- Call your gas supplier
- If you are using Natural Gas in the UK, ring the National Grid on: 0800 111 999

# **Peculiar Smells**

When you first use your cooker it may give off an odour. This should stop after use.

Before using for the first time, make sure that all packing materials have been removed and then, to dispel manufacturing odours, turn the ovens to 200 °C and run for at least an hour.

Before using the grill for the first time you should also turn on the grill and run for **30** minutes with the grill pan in position, pushed fully back and the grill door open.

Make sure the room is well ventilated to the outside air (see 'Ventilation' below). People with respiratory or allergy problems should vacate the area for this brief period.

# **Ventilation**

The use of a cooking appliance results in the production of heat and moisture in the room in which it is installed. Therefore, make sure that the kitchen is well ventilated: keep natural ventilation holes open or install a powered cookerhood that vents outside. If you have several hotplates/burners on, or use the cooker for a long time, open a window or turn on an extractor fan

## Maintenance

- It is recommended that this appliance is serviced annually.
- DO NOT use cooking vessels on the hotplate that overlap the edges.
- Unless specified otherwise in this guide, always allow the cooker to cool and then switch it off at the mains before cleaning or carrying out any maintenance work.
- DO NOT use the control knobs to manoeuvre the cooker.
- **NEVER** operate the cooker with wet hands.
- DO NOT use a towel or other bulky cloth in place of a glove – it might catch fire if brought into contact with a hot surface.
- DO NOT use hotplate protectors, foil or hotplate covers of any description. These may affect the safe use of your hotplate burners and are potentially hazardous to health.
- **NEVER** heat unopened food containers. Pressure build up may make the containers burst and cause injury.
- DO NOT use unstable saucepans. Always make sure that you position the handles away from the edge of the hotplate.
- NEVER leave the hotplate unattended at high heat settings. Pans boiling over can cause smoking, and greasy spills may catch on fire. Use a deep fat thermometer whenever possible to prevent fat overheating beyond the smoking point.
- Unattended cooking on a hob with fat or oil can be dangerous and may result in fire.
- NEVER leave a chip pan unattended. Always heat fat slowly, and watch as it heats. Deep fry pans should be only one third full of fat.
- NEVER try to move a pan of hot fat, especially a deep fat fryer. Wait until the fat is cool. Filling the pan too full of fat can cause spill over when food is added. If you use a combination of oils or fats in frying, stir them together before heating, or as the fats melt.
- Foods for frying should be as dry as possible. Frost on frozen foods or moisture on fresh foods can cause hot fat to bubble up and over the sides of the pan. Carefully watch for spills or overheating of foods when frying at high or medium high temperatures.
- DO NOT use the top of the flue (the slot along the back of the cooker) for warming plates, dishes, drying tea towels or softening butter.

- DO NOT use water on grease fires and never pick up a flaming pan. Turn the controls off and then smother a flaming pan on a surface unit by covering the pan completely with a well fitting lid or baking tray. If available, use a multi-purpose dry chemical or foamtype fire extinguisher.
- DO NOT modify this appliance. This appliance is not intended to be operated by means of external timer or separated remote-control system.
- If flammable materials are stored in the drawer, oven(s) or grill(s) it may explode and result in fire or property damage.

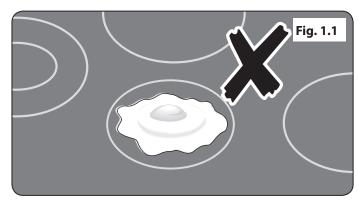
# **Induction and Ceramic Care**

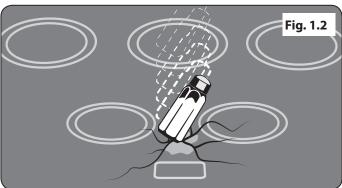
- Important information for pacemaker and implanted insulin pump users: The functions of this hob comply with the applicable European standards on electromagnetic interference. If you are fitted with a pacemaker or implanted insulin pump and are concerned please consult your doctor for medical advice.
- When the hob is in use keep magnetic items away, such as credit and debit cards, floppy disk, calculators, etc.
- Take care when touching the marked cooking areas of the hob.
- Use adequately sized pans with flat bottoms that are large enough to cover the surface of the hotplate heating area. Using undersized pans will expose a portion of the hotplate surface to direct contact and may result in the ignition of clothing
- Only certain types of glass, glass-ceramic, earthenware or other glazed containers are suitable for use on the warming zone; others may break because of the sudden change in temperature.
- Only certain types stainless steel, enamelled steel pans or cast iron pans with enamelled bases are suitable for induction hob cooking.
- Take care **NOT** to scratch the surface when placing cookware on the glass panel.
- Only certain types of glass, glass-ceramic, earthenware or other glazed containers are suitable for hotplate cooking; others may break because of the sudden change in temperature. NEVER cook directly on the hob surface (Fig. 1.1).
- DO NOT leave the hob zones switched on unless being used for cooking.
- **DO NOT** stand or rest heavy objects on the hob. Although the ceramic surface is very strong, a sharp blow or sharp falling object (e.g. a salt cellar) might cause the surface to crack or break **(Fig. 1.2)**.
- Should a crack appear in the surface, disconnect the appliance immediately from the supply and arrange for its repair.
- Always LIFT pans off the hob. Sliding pans may cause marks and scratches (Fig. 1.3).

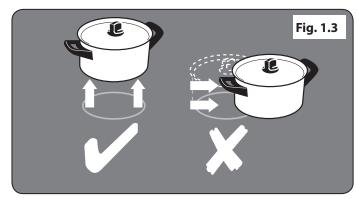
- Take care when placing hot lids onto the hob surface.
   Lids that have been covering boiling or steaming foods
   can 'stick' to the ceramic glass. Should this occur, DO
   NOT attempt to lift the lid off the hotplate: this may
   damage the hob surface. Instead, carefully slide the lid
   to the edge of the hob surface and remove.
- DO NOT place anything between the base of the pan and the hob surface (e.g. asbestos mats, aluminium foil, wok stand).
- Take care **NOT** to place metallic objects such as knives, forks, spoons and lids on the hob surface since they can get hot.
- We recommend that you avoid wiping any surface unit areas until they have cooled and the indicator light has gone off. Sugar spills are the exception to this (see 'Cleaning your Cooker'). After cleaning, use a dry cloth or paper towel to remove any cleaning cream residue.
- The ceramic surface should be washed after use in order to prevent it from becoming scratched or dirty. Clean the hob with caution as some cleaners can produce noxious fumes if applied to a hot surface..
- DO NOT leave the hob unattended. Care should be taken to not allow your cookware to boil dry. It will damage your cookware and Induction Glass Hob.
- After use, switch off the hob element by its control. DO NOT rely on the pan detector.

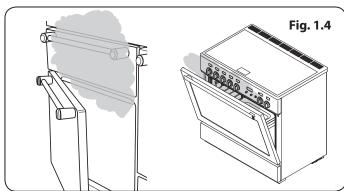
# **Oven Care**

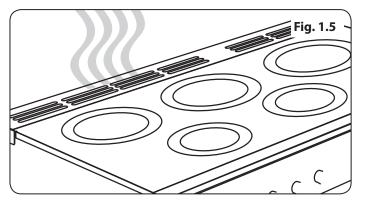
- When the oven is not in use and before attempting to clean the cooker always be certain that the control knobs are in the OFF position.
- Use oven gloves to protect your hand from potential burns.
- Cooking high moisture content foods can create a 'steam burst' when the oven door is opened (Fig. 1.4).
   When opening the oven, stand well back and allow any steam to disperse.
- The inside door face is constructed with toughened safety glass. Take care **NOT** to scratch the surface when cleaning the glass panel.
- Accidental damage may cause the door glass panel to fracture.
- Keep oven vent ducts unobstructed.
- DO NOT use harsh abrasive cleaners or sharp metal scrapers to clean the oven door glass since they can scratch the surface, which may result in shattering of the glass.
- Make sure the shelves are pushed firmly to the back of the oven. DO NOT close the door against the oven shelves.
- **DO NOT** use aluminium foil to cover shelves, linings or the oven roof.
- When the oven is on, **DO NOT** leave the oven door open for longer than necessary, otherwise the control knobs may become very hot.
- **DO NOT** use the timed oven if the adjoining oven is already warm.











- **DO NOT** place warm food in the oven to be timed.
- **DO NOT** use a timed oven that is already warm.
- Use dry oven gloves when applicable using damp gloves might result in steam burns when you touch a hot surface.

## **Hob Care**

- **NEVER** allow anyone to climb or stand on the hob.
- **DO NOT** use the hob surface as a cutting board.
- **DO NOT** leave utensils, foodstuffs or combustible items on the hob when it is not in use (e.g. tea towels, frying pans containing oil).
- DO NOT place plastic or aluminium foil, or plastic containers on the hob.
- Always turn the control to the OFF position before removing a pan.
- Avoid heating an empty pan. Doing so may damage both the hob and pan.

# Grill/Glide-out Grill™ Care

- When using the grill, make sure that the grill pan is in position and pushed fully in, otherwise the control knobs may become very hot.
- DO NOT leave the grill on for more than a few moments without the grill pan underneath it, otherwise the knobs may become hot.
- **NEVER** close the grill door when the grill is on.
- Accessible parts may be hot when the grill is in use.
   Young children should be kept away.

# **Warming Zone Care**

- **NEVER** attempt to cook on the warming zone.
- DO NOT use the warming zone as a cutting board.
- DO NOT leave the warming zone switched on unless being used for warming.
- Avoid warming an empty pan. Doing so may damage both the warming zone and pan.

# **Cooling Fan**

This appliance may have a cooling fan. When the grill or oven is in operation the fan will run to cool the fascia and control knobs.

# **Cooker Care**

As steam can condense to water droplets on the cool outer trim of the oven, it may be necessary during cooking to wipe away any moisture with a soft cloth. This will also help to prevent soiling and discolouration of the oven exterior by cooking vapours (Fig. 1.5).

# Cleaning

- Isolate the electricity supply before carrying out any thorough cleaning. Allow the cooker to cool.
- In the interests of hygiene and safety, the cooker should be kept clean at all times as a build up in fats and other food stuff could result in a fire.
- · Clean only the parts listed in this guide.
- Clean with caution. If a wet sponge or cloth is used to wipe spills on a hot surface, be careful to avoid steam burns. Some cleaners can produce noxious fumes if applied to a hot surface.
- NEVER use paint solvents, washing soda, caustic cleaners, biological powders, bleach, chlorine based bleach cleaners, coarse abrasives or salt.
- **DO NOT** mix different cleaning products they may react together with hazardous results.
- All parts of the cooker can be cleaned with hot soapy water.
- Take care that no water seeps into the appliance.
- Before you remove any of the grill parts for cleaning, make sure that they are cool or use oven gloves.
- DO NOT use any abrasive substances on the grill and grill parts.
- **DO NOT** put the side runners in a dishwasher.
- **DO NOT** put the burner heads in a dishwasher.
- **NEVER** use caustic or abrasive cleaners as these will damage the surface.
- **DO NOT** use steel wool, oven cleaning pads or any other materials that will scratch the surface.
- NEVER store flammable materials in the drawer.
   This includes paper, plastic and cloth items, such as cookbooks, plastic ware and towels, as well as flammable liquids.
- DO NOT store explosives, such as aerosol cans, on or near the appliance.
- **DO NOT** use steel wool, oven cleaning pads, or any other materials that will scratch the surface.
- DO NOT attempt to disassemble or clean around any burner while another burner is on, otherwise an electric shock could result.

# 2. Overview





The dual fuel single cavity cooker (**Fig. 2.1**) has the following features:

- **A.** 5 hotplate burners including a wok burner
- **B.** Control panel incorporating a timer
- C. Multifunction oven
- **D.** Storage drawer

# **Hotplate Burners**

The drawing by each of the central knobs indicates which burner that knob controls.

Each burner has a Flame Supervision Device (FSD) that prevents the flow of gas if the flame goes out.

When the igniter button is pressed in, sparks will be made at every burner – this is normal. Do not attempt to disassemble or clean around any burner while another burner is on, otherwise an electric shock could result.

To light a burner, press the igniter button, and push in and turn the associated control knob to the high position as indicated by the large flame symbol (\( \hbrace)\), (Fig. 2.2).

The igniter should spark and light the gas. Keep holding the knob pressed in to let the gas through to the burner for about ten seconds.

If, when you let go of the control knob, the burner goes out, then the FSD has not been bypassed. Turn the control knob to the OFF position and wait for one minute before you try again, this time making sure to hold in the control knob for slightly longer.

Adjust the flame height to suit by turning the control knob counter-clockwise (Fig. 2.3).

# If a burner flame goes out, turn off the control knob and leave it for one minute before relighting it.

Make sure that the flames are under the pans. For safety reasons, adjust the flames so that they do not extend beyond the edge of the cooking utensil. Using a lid will help the contents boil more quickly (Fig. 2.4).

Large pans should be spaced well apart.

Pans and kettles with concave bases or down-turned base rims should not be used (Fig. 2.5).

Simmering aids, such as asbestos or mesh mats, are NOT recommended (**Fig. 2.6**). They will reduce burner performance and could damage the pan supports.

You should also avoid using unstable and misshapen pans that may tilt easily, and pans with a very small base diameter, e.g. milk pans, single egg poachers (Fig. 2.7).

The minimum recommended pan diameter is 120 mm. The maximum allowable pan base diameter is 260 mm.

DO NOT use cooking vessels on the hotplate that overlap the edges.

## **Wok Burner**

The wok burner is designed to provide even heat over a large area. It is ideal for large pans and stir-frying (Fig. 2.8).

For heating smaller pans, the aforementioned hotplate burners may be more efficient.

You should wipe the enamel top surface of the cooker around the hotplate burners as soon as possible after spills occur. Try to wipe them off while the enamel is still warm.

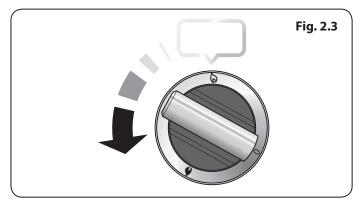
**Note:** The use of aluminium pans may cause metallic marking of the pan supports. This does not affect the durability of the enamel and may be cleaned off with an appropriate metal cleaner.

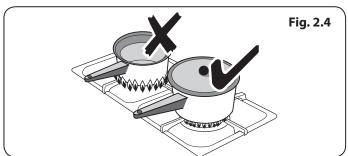
# The Wok Cradle

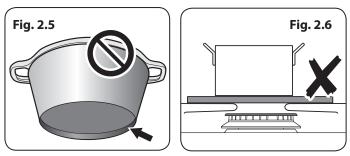
The wok cradle is designed to fit a 35 cm wok. If you use a different wok, make sure that it fits the cradle. Woks vary very widely in size and shape. It is important that the wok sits down on the pan support – however, if the wok is too small, the cradle will not support it properly (Fig. 2.9).

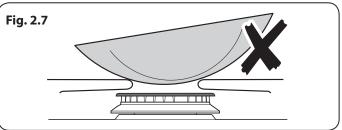
The cradle should be used on the wok burner only. When you fit the cradle, check that it is properly located and that the wok is supported properly on a pan support (Fig. 2.10).

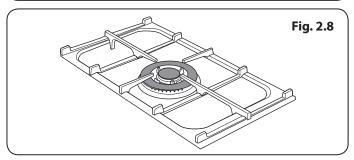
The cradle will get very hot in use – allow plenty of time for it to cool before you pick it up.

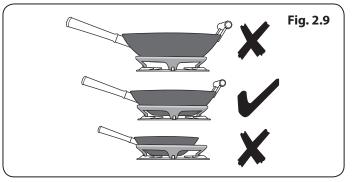


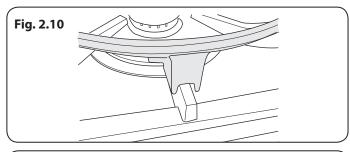


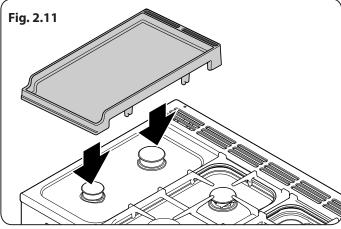


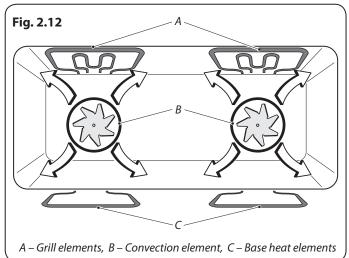












Function	Use
Defrost	To thaw small items in the oven without heat
Fan oven	A full cooking function, even heat throughout, great for baking
Fanned grilling	Grilling meat and fish with the door closed
Fan assisted	A full cooking function good for roasting and baking
Conventional oven	A full cooking function for roasting and baking in the lower half of the oven
Browning element	To brown and crisp cheese topped dishes
Base heat	To crisp up the bases of quiche, pizza or pastry

Table 2.1

# The Griddle

The griddle fits the left-hand well, front to back (**Fig. 2.11**). It is designed for cooking food on directly. DO NOT use pans of any kind on it. The griddle surface is non-stick and metal cooking utensils (e.g. spatulas) will damage the surface. Use heat resistant plastic or wooden utensils.



DO NOT put it crossways – it will not fit properly and will be unstable.



DO NOT put it on any other burner – it is not designed to fit in any of the other cooker wells.

Remove the left-hand pan support. Position the griddle over the well. Check that it is securely located.

The griddle can be lightly brushed with cooking oil before use. Light the hotplate burners. Adjust the flame heights to suit.

Preheat the griddle for **a maximum of 5 minutes** before adding food. Leaving it longer may cause damage. Turn the control knobs towards the low position, marked with the small flame symbol, to reduce the burner flames.

Always leave space around the griddle for the gases to escape.

After cooking, allow the griddle to cool before cleaning.

If the griddle is washed in a dishwasher then some dishwasher residue may appear on the back. This is normal and will not affect the performance of your griddle.

# **The Multifunction Oven**

The oven is a multifunction oven (Fig. 2.12). In addition to convection elements around the fans, it is fitted with extra heating elements, in the top of the oven and under the oven base. Take care to avoid touching the top elements when placing or removing items from the oven.

The multi-function oven has 3 main cooking functions: **fan**, **fan assisted** and **conventional cooking**. These functions should be used to complete most of your cooking.

The **browning element** and **base heat** can be used in the latter part of the cooking process to fine tune the results to your particular requirements.

Use **fanned grilling** for all your grilling needs and **defrost** to safely thaw small items of frozen food.

**Table 2.1** gives a summary of the multifunction modes.

The multifunction oven has many varied uses. We suggest you keep a careful eye on your cooking until you are familiar with each function. Remember, not all functions will be suitable for all food types.

# Multifunction Oven Modes (Fig. 2.13) Defrost



This function operates the fan(s) to circulate cold air only. Make sure the temperature control is at 0°C and that no heat is applied. This enables small items such as desserts, cream cakes and pieces of meat, fish and

poultry to be defrosted.

Defrosting in this way speeds up the process and protects the food from contamination. Pieces of meat, fish and poultry should be placed on a shelf, over a tray to catch any drips. Be sure to wash the shelf and tray after defrosting.

Defrost with the oven door closed. Defrosting should not be carried out in a warm oven. Large items, such as whole chickens and meat roasts should not be defrosted in this way. We recommend this be carried out in a refrigerator.

Make sure that dairy foods, meat and poultry are completely defrosted before cooking.

### **Fan Oven**



This function operates the fans and the heating element around them. An even heat is produced throughout the oven, allowing you to cook large amounts quickly.

Fan oven cooking is particularly suitable for multi-shelf cooking and is a good 'all-round' function. It may be necessary to reduce the temperature by approximately 10°C for recipes previously cooked in a conventional oven.

If you wish to preheat the oven, wait until the indicator light has gone out before inserting the food.

# **Fanned Grilling**



This function operates the fan while the top element is on. It produces a more even, less fierce heat than a conventional grill. For best results place the food to be grilled on the pan provided. Thick pieces of meat

or fish are ideal for cooking in this way, as the circulated air reduces the fierceness of the heat from the grill. The oven door should be kept closed while cooking is in progress, so saving energy. You will also find that the food needs to be watched and turned less than for normal grilling. Preheat this function before cooking.

Note: When grilling full width, to allow sufficient access for tending foods we recommend placing the grill pan tray support on the second from top level.

### **Fan Assisted Oven**

This function operates the fans, circulating air heated by the elements at the top and the base of the oven. The combination of fan and conventional cooking

(Top and Base Heat) makes this function ideal for cooking large items that need thorough cooking, such as a large meat roast. It is also possible to bake on two shelfs at one time, although they will need to be changed over during the cooking time, as the heat at the top of the oven is greater than at the base, when using this function.

This is a fast intensive form of cooking; keep an eye on the food cooking until you are familiar with this function.

# **Conventional Oven (Top and Base Heat)**



This function combines the heat from the top and base elements. It is particularly suitable for roasting and baking pastry, cakes and biscuits.

Food cooked on the top shelf will brown and crisp faster than on the lower shelf, because the heat is greater at the top of the oven than at the base, as in 'Fan Assisted Oven' function. Similar items being cooked will need to be swapped around for even cooking. This means that foods requiring different temperatures can be cooked together, using the cooler zone in the lower half of the oven and hotter area to the top.

The exposed top element may cook some foods too quickly, so we recommend that the food be positioned in the lower half of the oven to cook. The oven temperature may also need to be lowered.

# **Browning Element**

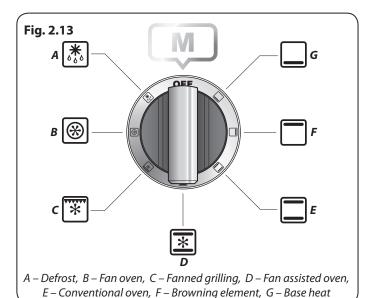
This function uses the element in the top of the oven only. It is a useful function for the browning or finishing of pasta dishes, vegetables in sauce and lasagne, the item to be browned being already hot before switching to the top element.

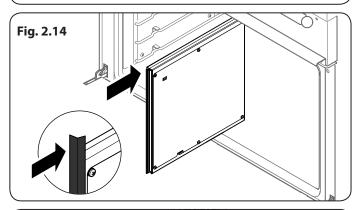
### **Base Heat**

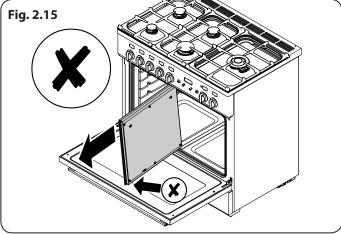


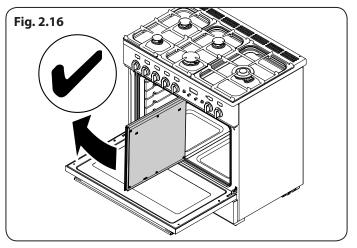
This function uses the base element only. It will crisp up your pizza or quiche base or finish off cooking the base of a pastry case on a lower shelf. It is also a gentle heat, good for slow cooking of casseroles in the middle of the oven or for plate warming.

The Browning and Base Heat functions are useful additions to your oven, giving you flexibility to finish off items to perfection. With use, you will soon realise how these functions can combine to extend your cooking skills.









# **Energy Saving Panel**

The oven has a divider feature (**Fig. 2.14**). With this in place only one half of the oven is heated and only the right-hand side elements are used. This saves energy and is ideal for cooking most foods. When using the divider, condensation may appear in the left-hand oven – this is normal.

For very large loads, or large dishes for special occasions then the divider can be removed. This brings into use the elements on the left-hand side as well as those on the right when a function is selected.

All oven functions are available in full and divided forms and shelves are provided for use in both forms.



### **WARNING!**

Take great care when removing the divider NOT to scratch the inner glass door surface. Scratches in the glass can cause stress and may cause the door to fail.

# **Removing the Divider**

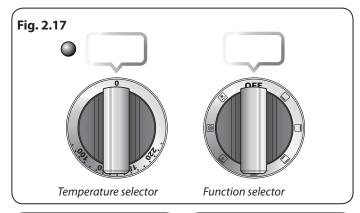


Make sure the cooker is cool before attempting to remove the divider.

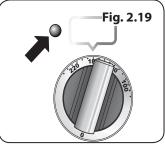
Fully open the door and remove the oven shelves. When removing the divider, tilt it slightly upwards and grip the underside to prevent the metal base making contact with the door glass (**Fig. 2.15** and **Fig. 2.16**).

We recommend that you place a tea towel or similar on the door glass before removing the divider. This should prevent the door inner from scratching.

DO NOT place or slide metallic objects, including cookware, on the door glass as this may cause scratching and subsequent failure to occur.





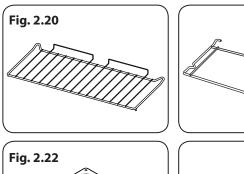


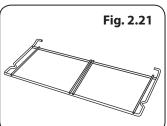
# **Operating the Oven**

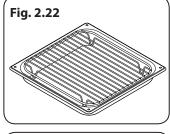
The multifunction oven has two controls: a function selector and a temperature setting knob (Fig. 2.17).

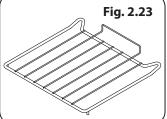
Turn the function selector control to a cooking function. **Fig. 2.18** shows the control set for convectional oven cooking.

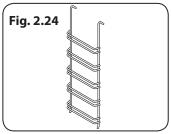
Turn the oven temperature knob to the temperature you need. The oven heating light will glow until the oven has reached the temperature you selected. It will then cycle on and off during cooking as the oven maintains the selected temperature (Fig. 2.19).

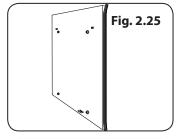


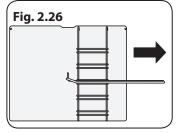


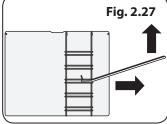


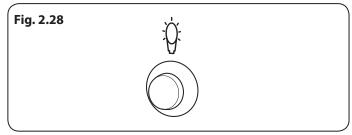












# **Accessories**

Each oven is supplied with:

- Two full capacity shelves (Fig. 2.20)
- Grill pan tray support (Fig. 2.21)
- Two grill pans with trivets (Fig. 2.22)
- Three energy saving shelves (Fig. 2.23)
- Four ladder shelf supports (Fig. 2.24)
- And one divider (Fig. 2.25)

### **Oven Shelves**

Any shelf can be fitted in any of the positions. The oven shelves are retained when pulled forward but can be easily removed and refitted.

## To Remove and Refit the Ladder Shelf Supports

Lift the ladder support hooks out of the two locating holes in the oven side (or divider) before lifting the support clear of the bottom ladder restraint.

Refit by inserting the bottom of the ladder into the restraint before fitting the hooks through the locating holes.

## To Remove and Refit the Shelves

Pull the shelf forwards until the back of the shelf is stopped by the shelf support (**Fig. 2.26**). Lift up the front of the shelf so the back of the shelf will pass between the supports and then pull the shelf forward (**Fig. 2.27**).

Refit in the reverse order, making sure to push it fully back.

# **Oven Light**

Press the button to turn on the oven lights (Fig. 2.28).

If one of the oven lights fail, turn off the cooker power supply before you change the bulb. See the 'Troubleshooting' section for details on how to change an oven light bulb.

# Storage

The bottom drawer is for storing oven trays and other cooking utensils. The drawer can be removed completely for cleaning, etc.



It can get very warm, so do not store anything in it that may melt or catch fire.



Never store flammable materials in the drawer. This includes paper, plastic and cloth items, such as cookbooks, plastic ware and towels, as well as flammable liquids.



Do not store explosives, such as aerosol cans, on or near the appliance.



Flammable materials may explode and result in fire or property damage.

# 3. The Clock

The clock must be set to the time of day before the oven will work.

# **Setting the Clock**

- 1. Once the cooker is connected and switched on, the display will start to flash.
- 2. To set the time, turn the **Timer (A)** knob to the **Clock (C)** setting and back to the **Manual (D)** position. The centre dot will flash indicating the time can be set. Turn the **Adjusting (B)** knob either clockwise or counter-clockwise (**Fig. 3.1**) to set the time.
- **3.** Once you have set the time, allow the centre dot to stop flashing, the time is now set.

# **Setting the Minute Minder**

A **Minute Minder (E)** is a feature that can be set for a number of minutes and sounds an alarm once the specified amount of time has elapsed.

- 1. Turn the **Timer (A)** knob to the **Minute Minder (E)** setting it should click into position **(Fig. 3.2)**.
- 2. Turn the **Adjusting (B)** knob to set the amount of time required. Minimum time 1 minute (**Fig. 3.3**).
- Turn the Timer (A) knob back to the Manual (D) setting to see the current time and the 'Bell' symbol on the display.

# **Cancel the Timer Alarm**

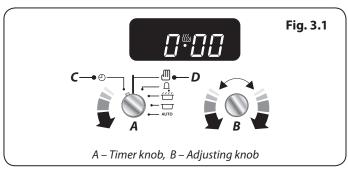
Once the specified time has elapsed it will emit an alarm. There are two ways to cancel the alarm:

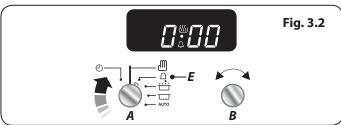
- **1.** Turn the **Adjusting (B)** knob counter-clockwise or clockwise (**Fig. 3.4**).
- 2. Turn the Timer (A) knob to the Clock (C) or the Minute Minder (E) setting, and back to the Manual (D) mode, to return to normal cooking (Fig. 3.4).

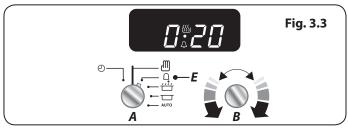
# NOTE

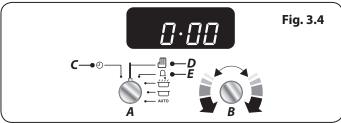
If the alarm is not manually switched off it will stop after approximately 2 minutes.

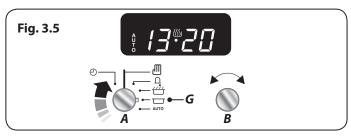
When the Minute Minder is active the clock will not dim between the hours of 10 pm and 6 am

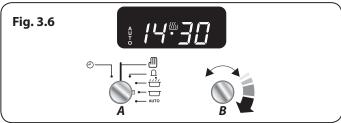


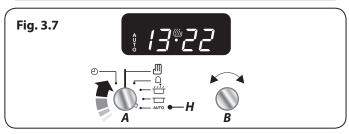


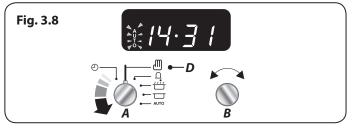












# To Stop the Oven at a Specific Time of Day

You have set the required temperature and function mode and you would like the oven to automatically stop.

# **TOP TIP**

Make a note of the current time so you do not forget.

- 1. Turn the **Timer (A)** knob to the **Stop Time (G)** setting. **'AUTO'** will show in the display **(Fig. 3.5)**.
- 2. Turn the **Adjusting (B)** knob to the amount of cooking time required. The display will show the current time plus the additional cooking time you have set **(Fig. 3.6)**.
- **3.** Turn the **Timer (A)** knob to the **Auto (H)** setting. The display will show the current time, the cooking symbol and the word **'AUTO' (Fig. 3.7)**.
- 4. Once the specified time has elapsed it will emit an alarm and the oven will stop working. The cook pot symbol on the display will disappear and the word 'AUTO' will flash (Fig. 3.8).
- When you return, turn the Timer (A) knob to the Manual (D) setting to return to manual cooking (Fig. 3.8).

# **TOP TIP**

You can check how much time you have left, to the programmed stop time, by turning Timer (A) from Auto (H) to Stop Time (G) and back to Auto (H)

# To Start and Stop the Oven Automatically

The timer allows you to automatically start and stop by a combination of the length of the cooking time and the stop time. Giving you the flexibility to cook casseroles etc while you are out. You cannot set the actual start time.

- 1. Turn the **Timer** (**A**) knob to the **Cook Time** (**F**) setting. Turn the **Adjusting** (**B**) knob clockwise to set the length of the cooking time required (**Fig. 3.9**).
- 2. Turn the **Timer (A)** knob to the **Stop Time (G)** setting **(Fig. 3.10)**. The display will show the current time of day plus the 'cook time' you just set.
- **3.** Turn the **Adjusting (B)** knob to set the time of day you want the oven to stop cooking (**Fig. 3.11**).
- **4.** Set the oven to the required cooking temperature and function mode.
- 5. Turn the Timer (A) knob to the Auto (H) setting (Fig. 3.12). If the display shows the current time and the word 'AUTO' the oven is set to turn on and off.
- **6.** When the program starts the oven, the cooking symbol will appear on the display. Once the specified time has elapsed it will emit an alarm and the Multifunction Oven will stop working. The 'Cooking' symbol on the display will disappear and the word 'AUTO' will flash (Fig. 3.13).
- Once the specified time has elapsed it will emit an alarm.
   There are two ways to cancel the alarm, refer to "Cancel the Timer Alarm" on page 13
  - The 'cook period', which is the length of time you want the oven to cook for.
  - The 'stop time', which is the time of day you want the oven to stop cooking.

# **Reset to Manual Cooking**

To cancel any automatic settings turn the **Timer (A)** knob to the **Manual (D)** setting and release (**Fig. 3.14**).

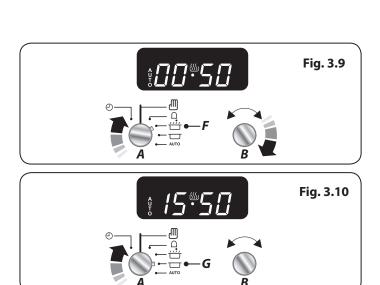
**Note:** Whilst this operation cancels all automatic program settings, it does not cancel the minute minder.

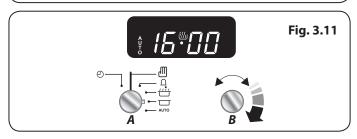
# **Beeper Tone Adjustment**

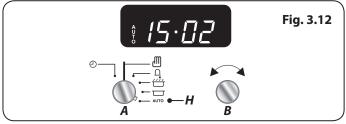
The beeper tone can be adjusted to three different levels.

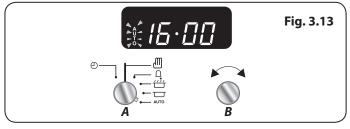
Turn the **Timer (A)** knob to the **Clock (C)** setting. Turn the **Adjusting (B)** knob counter clockwise until the tone bars are displayed **(Fig. 3.15)**.

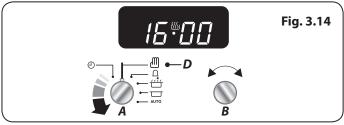
To adjust the tone of the alarm, release the **Adjusting (B)** knob and then turn counter clockwise again **(Fig. 3.16)**. The tone of the alarm will change. Repeat these steps until the desired alarm tone is set.

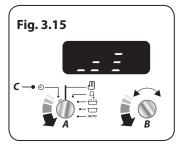


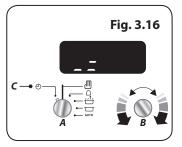












# 4. Cooking Tips

# **Cooking with a Multifunction Oven**

Remember: not all modes are suitable for all food types. The oven cooking times given are intended for a guide only.

# Tips on Cooking with the Timer

If you want to cook more than one dish, choose dishes that require approximately the same cooking time. However, dishes can be 'slowed down' slightly by using small containers and covering them with aluminium foil, or 'speeded up' slightly by cooking smaller quantities or placing them in larger containers.

Very perishable foods such as pork or fish should be avoided if a long delay period is planned, especially in hot weather.

 $\Lambda$ 

DO NOT place warm food in the oven to be timed.



DO NOT use a timed oven that is already warm.

Whole poultry must be thoroughly defrosted before being placed in the oven. Check that meat and poultry are fully cooked before serving.

# **General Oven Tips**

The wire shelves should always be pushed firmly to the back of the oven.

Baking trays with food cooking on them should be placed level with the front edge of the oven's wire shelves. Other containers should be placed centrally. Keep all trays and containers away from the back of the oven, as overbrowning of the food may occur.

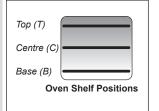
# When the oven is on, do not leave the door open for longer than necessary, otherwise the knobs may get very hot.

- Always leave a "finger's width" between dishes on the same shelf. This allows the heat to circulate freely around them.
- To reduce fat splashing when you add vegetables to hot fat around a roast, dry them thoroughly or brush lightly with cooking oil.
- Where dishes may boil and spill over during cooking, place them on a baking tray.
- Sufficient heat rises out of the right-hand oven while cooking to warm plates in the left-hand oven.
- If you want to brown the base of a pastry dish, preheat the baking tray for 15 minutes before placing the dish in the centre of the tray.

# 5. Cooking Table

The oven control settings and cooking times given in the table below are intended to be used **AS A GUIDE ONLY**. Individual tastes may require the temperature to be altered to provide a preferred result.

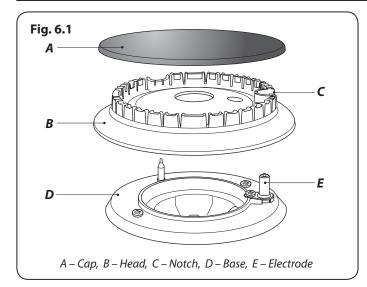
Food is cooked at lower temperature in a fan oven than in a conventional oven. When using recipes, reduce the fan oven temperature by  $10\,^{\circ}$ C and the cooking time by 5-10 minutes. The temperature in the fan oven does not vary with height in the oven so you can use any shelf.



Conventional Oven Fan Oven
Temperature °C & Temperature

Food	(Shelf Position)	°C	C Approximate Cooking Time		
Meat	(Sileli Position)	<u> </u>	Approximate Gooking Time		
Beef (no bone)	160 (0)	450	30-35 minutes per 500g +30-35 minutes.	Thoroughly thaw frozen joints before	
beer (no bone)	160 (C)	150	20-25 minutes per 500g +20-25 minutes.	cooking. Meat may be roasted at	
Lomb	200 (C)	190		- 220°C (210°C for fan oven) and the	
Lamb	160 (C)	150	30-35 minutes per 500g +30-35 minutes.	cooking time adjusted accordingly.  For stuffed and rolled meats, add	
5	200 (C)	190	25-30 minutes per 500g +25-30 minutes.	approximately 10 minutes per 500g,	
Pork	160 (C)	150	35-40 minutes per 500g +35-40 minutes.	or cook at 200°C (190°C) for 20	
D. K.	200 (C)	190	25-30 minutes per 500g +25-30 minutes.	minutes then 160°C (150°C) for the remainder.	
Poultry			00.05 :		
Chicken	160 (C)	150	20-25 minutes per 500g +20-25 minutes.	For stuffed poultry, you could cook at 200°C (190°C) for 20 minutes	
	200 (C)	190	15-20 minutes per 500g +15-20 minutes.	then 160°C (150°C) for remainder.	
Turkey	160 (C)	150	20 minutes per 500g +20 minutes.	Do not forget to include the weight	
	200 (C)	190	15 minutes per 500g +15 minutes.	of the stuffing.  For fresh or frozen prepacked	
Duck	160 (C)	150	25-30 minutes per 500g.	poultry, follow instructions on the	
	200 (C)	190	20 minutes per 500g.	pack. Thoroughly thaw frozen	
Casserole	140-150 (C)	130-140	2-4 hours according to recipe.	poultry before cooking.	
Yorkshire pudding	220 (C)	210	Large tins 30-35 minutes; individual 10-20	) minutes.	
Fish					
Fillet	190 (C/B)	180	15-20 minutes.		
Whole	190 (C/B)	180	15-20 minutes per 500g.		
Steak	190 (C/B)	180	Steaks according to thickness.		
Cake					
Very rich fruit - Christmas	140 (C/B)	130	45-50 minutes per 500g of mixture.	Using the conventional oven: when	
wedding, etc.				two tier cooking leave at least one runner space between shelves.	
Fruit 180 mm tin	150 (C/B)	140	2-2½ hours. Position the baking tr		
Fruit 230 mm tin	150 (C/B)	140	Up to 3½ hours.	front edge along the front of the	
Madeira 180 mm	160 (C/B)	150	80-90 minutes.	oven shelf.  If cooking a two tier load, the trays	
Queen cakes	190 (C/B)	180	15-25 minutes.	should be interchanged	
Scones	220 (C/B)	210	10-15 minutes.	approximately halfway though the	
Victoria sandwich	(0)			cooking time.	
180 mm tin	180 (C/B)	170	20-30 minutes.	Up to three tiers can be cooked in a	
210 mm tin	180 (C/B)	170	30-40 minutes.	fan oven at the same time but make	
Desserts	100 (0/2)	170		_ sure to leave at least one runner space between each shelf being	
Shortcrust tarts	200 (C/B)	190	20-30 minutes on a preheated tray.	cooked on.	
Fruit pies	200 (C/B)	190	35-45 minutes.		
Tartlets	200 (C/B)	190	10-20 minutes according to size.		
Puff pastry	230 (C/B)	220	20-40 minutes according to size.		
Meringues	100 (C/B)	90	2-3 hours.		
Baked egg custard	160 (C/B)	150	45-60 minutes.		
Baked sponge pudding		180	40-45 minutes.		
Milk pudding	190 (C/B)		2 to 3 hours.		
Bread	140-150 (C/B)	130-140			
DIEdu	220 (C)	210	20-30 minutes.		

# 6. Cleaning Your Cooker



Isolate the electricity supply before carrying out any major cleaning. Allow the cooker to cool.



NEVER use paint solvents, washing soda, caustic cleaners, biological powders, bleach, chlorine based bleach cleaners, coarse abrasives or salt.



DO NOT mix different cleaning products – they may react together with hazardous results.

All parts of the cooker can be cleaned with hot soapy water - but take care that no surplus water seeps into the appliance.

Remember to switch the electricity supply back on and reset the clock before reusing the cooker.

# **Daily Care**

Cleaning the cooker is not a welcomed chore, but it has to be done to maintain efficiency and appearance. Remember it is better to wipe up any spills as they occur, this will prevent them burning on and becoming more difficult to remove



Make sure the flow of combustion and ventilation air to the cooker is unobstructed - for example by build-up of fats or grease.

On Natural gas the burners flames should be a bluish colour with, at most, a slight yellowish fringe.

On LP gas the flames may be "softer". The cooktop burner flames may have a slight yellowish tip.

If the flame burns with a long white tip you should call for service.

# **Cleaning for Spills**

For spills and boil-overs that occur while cooking, turn off the burner as soon as possible and allow it to cool. Do not clean until the area is completely cooled down. Wipe up spills as soon as possible.

Do not allow surplus water to seep into the cooker.

# **Hotplate Burners**

The burner heads and caps can be removed for cleaning.



**DO NOT put the burner heads in a dishwasher.** 

Make sure they are absolutely dry before replacing.

# **The Single Ring Burners**

When refitting the burner head, make sure that the notch lines up with the electrode or hole in the base. Check that the burner head is level and that the cap is fitted centrally on the burner head (Fig. 6.1).

### The Wok Burner

When reassembling the wok burner (Fig. 6.2) turn over the large base ring and find the 'D' shaped area (Fig. 6.3). Turn the head until the 'D' matches the one on the burner base. Flip the burner over once again and place it on the burner base.

To fit the small inner burner, find the larger electrode notch in the burner rim. Line this up with the ignition electrode and place the inner burner on the large base ring (**Fig. 6.4**).

Now fit the two burner caps, making sure that they are seated properly.

Check the burner ports are not blocked. If a blockage occurs, remove stubborn particles using a piece of fuse wire.

# Griddle

Always clean the griddle after use. Allow it to cool completely before removing. Immerse the griddle plate in hot soapy water. Use a soft cloth or, for stubborn stains, a nylon washing up brush.

If the griddle is washed in a dishwasher then some dishwasher residue may appear on the back. This is normal and will not affect the performance of your griddle.

# The Wok Cradle

Recommended cleaning materials are hot soapy water, a moistened soap pad, cream cleaner or nylon scourer.

# **Oven and Divider**

Clean the oven and divider with a proprietary oven cleaner, suitable for enamel.

**IMPORTANT:** Before cleaning the divider make sure to remove the silicon sealing strip from the front edge – some oven cleaners can damage the seal. Remove the strip by gently pulling both ends to release the hooks holding it in place.

# **Control Panel and Oven Doors**

Avoid using any abrasive cleaners including cream cleaners. For best results use liquid detergents.

The control panel and control knobs should only be cleaned with a soft cloth wrung out in clean hot soapy water – but take care that no surplus water seeps into the appliance.

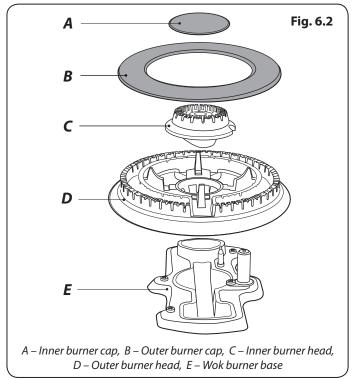
Wipe with a clean dampened cloth then polish with a dry cloth. The oven doors should only be cleaned with a soft cloth wrung out in clean hot soapy water.

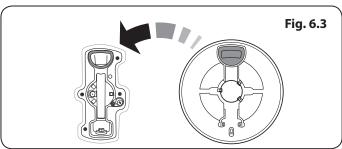
# **Removing the Oven Door Outer Panel**

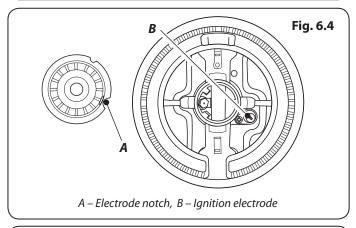
The outer door panel can be removed so that the inside of the glass can be cleaned. Open the door and remove the 2 screws in the inside face (**Fig. 6.5**). With the door closed, remove the 3 screws in the underside of the door.

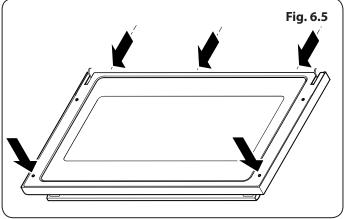
Using the handle, carefully lift the door away.

Refit in reverse.









# **Cleaning Table**

Cleaners listed **(Table 6.1)** are available from supermarkets or electrical retailers as stated.

For enamelled surfaces use a cleaner that is approved for use on vitreous enamel.

Regular cleaning is recommended. For easier cleaning, wipe up any spillages immediately.

Hotplate			
Part	Finish	Recommended Cleaning Method	
Hob top (including burner heads and caps)	Enamel, stainless steel, aluminium	Hot soapy water, soft cloth. Any stubborn stains remove gently with a nylon scourer.	
Ceramic/induction hob	Toughened glass	Hot soapy water; cream cleaner/scourer if necessary.	
Griddle plate (some models only)	Non-stick surface	Allow to cool. Wash in hot soapy water. Do not use abrasive cleaners/scourers. Dishwasher.	
Warming zone (some models only)	Toughened glass	Hot soapy water, cream cleaner/scourer if necessary.	
Outside of Cooker			
Part	Finish	Recommended Cleaning Method	
Door, door surround and	Enamel or paint	Hot soapy water, soft cloth. Any stubborn stains, remove gently with a liquid detergent.	
Storage drawer exterior	Stainless steel	E-cloth (electrical retailers) or microfibre all-purpose cloth (supermarket).	
Sides and plinth	Painted surface	Hot soapy water, soft cloth.	
Splashback/rear grille	Enamel or stainless steel	Hot soapy water, soft cloth. Cream cleaner, with care, if necessary.	
Control panel	Paint, enamel or stainless steel	Warm soapy water. Do not use abrasive cleaners on lettering.	
Control knobs/handles & trims	Plastic/chrome, copper or lacquered brass	Warm soapy water, soft cloth.	
	Brass	Brass polish.	
Oven door glass/glass lid	Toughened glass	Hot soapy water, cream cleaner/scourer if necessary.	
Oven and Grill			
Part	Finish	Recommended Cleaning Method	
Sides, floor & roof of oven <b>NOT</b> 'COOK & CLEAN' OVEN PANELS (see below)	Enamel	Any proprietary oven cleaner that is suitable for enamel.  CAUTION: CORROSIVE/CAUSTIC OVEN CLEANERS: FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.  Do not allow contact with the oven elements.	
'Cook & Clean' oven panels (some models only)	Special enamel that partly cleans itself	This surface cleans itself at 200 °C and above, or the panels can be removed and washed with hot soapy water and a nylon brush.	
Oven shelves, Handyrack, grill trivet, Handygrill rack (some models only)	Chrome	An oven interior cleaner that is suitable for chrome. Soap filled pad. Dishwasher.	
Grill pan/meat tin (some models only)	Enamel	Hot soapy water. Soap filled pad. Dishwasher.	

Table 6.1

# 7. Troubleshooting

# Hotplate/Cooktop ignition or hotplate burners faulty

Is the power on? Is the clock illuminated?

If not, there maybe something wrong with the power supply.

Are the sparker (ignition electrode) or burner slots blocked by debris?

Are the burner trim and caps correctly located? See the section on 'Cleaning'.

# Hotplate/Cooktop burners will not light

Make sure that the burner parts have been replaced correctly after wiping or removing for cleaning.

Check that there is not a problem with your gas supply. You can do this by making sure that other gas appliances you may have are working.

Do the burners spark when you push the button?

If not, verify that the power is on by checking that the clock is illuminated.

# Steam is coming from the oven

When cooking foods with high water content (e.g. oven fries) there may be some steam visible at the rear grille.

Take care when opening the oven door, as there may be a momentary puff of steam when the oven door is opened. Stand well back and allow any steam to disperse.

# What cleaning materials are recommended for the cooker?

See the 'Cleaning' section for recommended cleaning materials.



Never use caustic or abrasive cleaners as these will damage the surface.

### An oven fan is noisy

The note of the oven fan may change as the oven heats up – this is perfectly normal.

# If there is an installation problem and I don't get my original installer to come back to fix it who pays?

You do. Service organizations will charge for their call outs if they are correcting work carried out by your original installer. It is in your interest to track down your original installer.

# Power failure

In the event of a failure in the electrical supply, remember to reset the clock to make sure that the timed oven continues to operate.

# Food is cooking too slowly, too quickly, or burning

Cooking times may differ from your previous oven.

Check that you are using the recommended temperatures and shelf positions – see the oven cooking guide. The oven control settings and cooking times are intended to be used **only** as a guide.

Individual tastes may require the temperature to be altered either way, to get the results you want.

### The oven is not cooking evenly

Do not use a baking tray with dimensions larger than those specified in the section on 'General Oven Tips'.

If you are cooking a large item, be prepared to turn it round during cooking.

If two shelves are used, check that space has been left for the heat to circulate. When a baking tray is put into the oven, make sure that it is placed centrally on the shelf.

Check that the door seal is not damaged and that the door catch is adjusted so that the door is held firmly against the seal.

A dish of water when placed on the shelf should be the same depth all over. (For example, if it is deeper at the back, then the back of the cooker should be raised up or the front lowered.) If the cooker is not level, arrange for your supplier to level it for you.

# Oven not coming on

Is the power on? Is the clock illuminated? If not, there may be something wrong with the power supply.

Is the cooker supply on at the isolator switch?

Has the time of day been set?

Is the key symbol  $[\hat{1}]$  showing in the display to signify that the oven is locked? See the 'Clock' section of the instructions for more information on the 'key lock' feature.

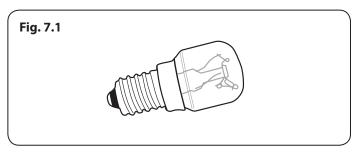
### The timed oven is not coming on when automatic cooking

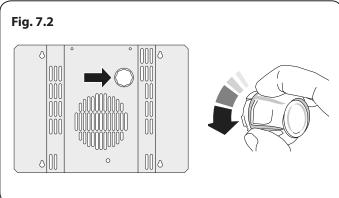
Has the oven knob been left in the OFF position by mistake?

Is the word 'AUTO' showing in the display? See the 'Clock' section of the instructions for more information.

# Oven temperature getting hotter as the cooker gets older

If turning the temperature down using the oven control knob has not worked, or has only worked for a short time, then you may need a new thermostat. This should be fitted by a qualified service person.





# Oven light is not working

The bulb has probably burnt out. You can buy a replacement bulb (which is not covered under the warranty) from a good electrical shop. Ask for a 15W – 230V lamp, FOR OVENS. It must be a special bulb, heat resistant to 300°C (Fig. 7.1).

Turn off the power at the circuit breaker.

Before removing the existing bulb, turn off the power supply and make sure that the oven is cool. Open the oven door and remove the oven shelves.

Unscrew the bulb cover by turning counter-clockwise. It may be very stiff (**Fig. 7.2**).

Taking care to protect your fingers with a glove in case the bulb should shatter, unscrew the old bulb.

Screw in the new bulb; screw back the bulb cover. Turn on the circuit breaker and check that the bulb now lights.

# The door is misaligned

The cooker has not been levelled correctly. To level the cooker, adjust the feet and rear rollers. Use a spirit level to check that the cooker is level – at the front and at both sides – within the oven cavity.

# The fascia gets hot when I use the oven

The cooker is cooled by a fan. If the fascia becomes excessively hot when the cooker is in use then the cooling fan may have failed. Should this occur please contact your installer, a qualified repair engineer or Customer Service to arrange for its repair.

# 8. Installation

# **Dear Installer**

Before you start your installation, please complete the details below, so that, if your customer has a problem relating to your installation, they will be able to contact you easily.

Installer's Name	
Installer's Company	
Installer's Telephone Number	
Appliance Serial Number	

# **Safety Requirements and Regulations**

This cooker must be installed in accordance with the relevant instructions in this booklet, with the relevant national and local regulations, and with the local gas and electricity supply companies' requirements.



This cooker is a Class 2 Subclass 1 appliance.



Before installation, make sure that the cooker is suitable for your gas type and supply voltage. See the data badge.



The appliance must be installed in accordance with the regulations in force and only in a well ventilated space.



Read the instructions before installing or using this appliance.



In your own interest and that of safety, it is law that all gas appliances be installed by competent persons. Failure to install the appliance correctly could invalidate any warranty or liability claims and lead to prosecution.



This appliance can be converted for use on another gas.

# In the UK the cooker must be installed in accordance with:

- All relevant British Standards / Codes of Practice, in particular BS 5440 Part 2.
- For Natural Gas BS 6172 and BS 6891.
- For LP Gas BS 5482-1 (when the installation is in a permanent dwelling), BS 5482-2 (when the installation is in a caravan or other non-permanent dwelling), or BS 5482-3 (when the installation is in a
- The Gas Safety (Installation and Use) regulations.
- The relevant Building / IEE regulations.

# In the Republic of Ireland the cooker must be installed in accordance with:

The installation must be carried out by a competent person and installed in accordance with the current edition of IS 813 "Domestic Gas Installations", the current Building Regulations and reference should be made to the current ETCI rules for electrical installation.

# **Provision of Ventilation**

This appliance is not connected to a combustion products evacuation device. Particular attention shall be given to the relevant requirements regarding ventilation.

All rooms require a window that can be opened, or equivalent, while some rooms require a permanent vent in addition to the window.

### In the UK:

The room containing the cooker should have an air supply in accordance with BS 5440 Part 2. All rooms require an openable window or equivalent, while some rooms require a permanent vent in addition to the openable window. The cooker should not be installed in a bedsitting room with volume less than 20 m<sup>3</sup>. If it is installed in a room of volume less than 5 m<sup>3</sup> an air vent of effective area 100 cm<sup>2</sup> is required; if it is installed in a room of volume between 5 m<sup>3</sup> and 10 m<sup>3</sup>, an air vent of effective area 50 cm<sup>2</sup> is required; while if the volume exceeds 11 m<sup>3</sup>, no air vent is required.

If there are other fuel burning appliances in the same room, BS 5440 Part 2 should be consulted to determine the requisite air vent requirements.

# In the Republic of Ireland:

Reference should be made to the current edition of IS 813, which makes clear the conditions that must be met to demonstrate that sufficient ventilation is available.

Check the appliance is electrically safe and gas sound when you have finished.

# **Location of Cooker**

The cooker may be installed in a kitchen/kitchen diner but NOT in a room containing a bath or shower.

This appliance is designed for domestic cooking only. Use for any other purpose could invalidate any warranty or liability claim.

**Note:** An appliance for use on LPG must not be installed in a room or internal space below ground level, e.g. in a basement.

# **Conversion**

This appliance is supplied set for G20 20 mbar Cat II<sub>2H3+</sub>.

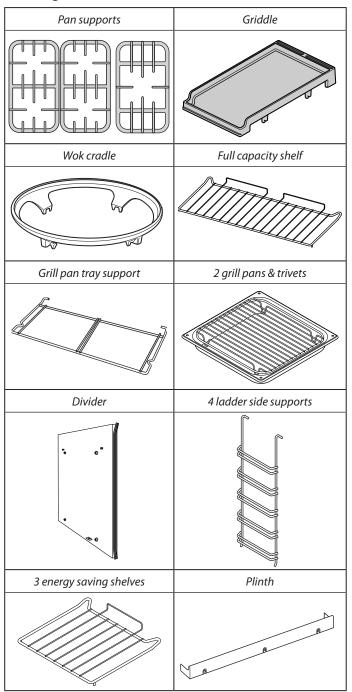
A conversion kit for another gas is available for the cooker.

If the appliance is to be converted to another gas we recommend that this is carried out before installation.

After converting the appliance, please attach the Gas Conversion sticker over the appropriate area of the data badge – this will identify the gas type for which the appliance is now set.

# Check the appliance is electrically safe and gas sound when you have finished.

# **Checking the Parts:**



# You will need the following equipment to complete the cooker installation satisfactorily:

 Stability bracket: If the cooker is to be supplied with gas through a flexible hose, a stability bracket or chain MUST be fitted.

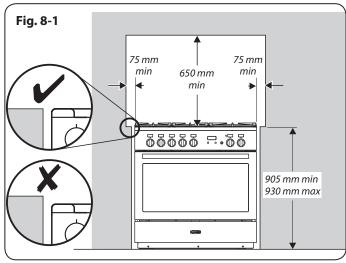
**These are not supplied with the cooker** but are available at most builders' merchants.

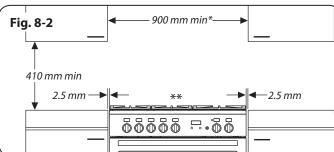
- Gas pressure tester/manometer.
- Flexible gas hose: Must be in accordance with the relevant standards.
- Multimeter: For electrical checks.

### You will also need the following tools:

- Electric dril
- **2.** Masonry drill bit (only required if fitting the cooker on a stone or concrete floor)
- **3.** Wall plugs (only required if fitting the cooker on a stone or concrete floor)
- **4.** Steel tape measure
- **5.** Cross head screwdriver
- **6.** Flat head screwdriver
- 7. 4 mm & 3 mm Allen keys
- **8.** Spirit level
- 9. Pencil
- 10. Adjustable spanner
- **11.** Screws for fitting stability bracket
- 12. 13 mm spanner or socket wrench

# INSTALLATION Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.





# **Positioning the Cooker**

**Fig. 8-1** and **Fig. 8-2** show the minimum recommended distance from the cooker to nearby surfaces.

The cooker should not be placed on a base.

The hotplate surround should be level with, or above, any adjacent work surface. A gap of 75 mm should be left between each side of the cooker **ABOVE** the hotplate level and any adjacent vertical surface.

For non-combustible surfaces (such as unpainted metal or ceramic tiles), this can be reduced to 25 mm.

A minimum space of 650 mm is required between the top of the hob and a horizontal combustible surface.

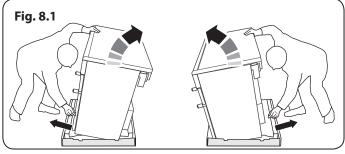
\*Any cookerhood should be installed in accordance with the hood manufacturer's instructions.

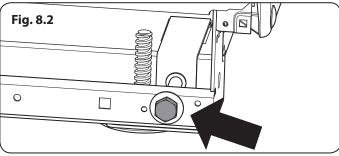
\*\*Any splashback must be fitted in accordance with the manufacturers instructions. Allowance should be made for the additional height of the flue trim, which is fitted to the cooker hob.

Surfaces of furniture and walls at the sides and rear of the appliance should be heat, splash and steam resistant. Certain types of vinyl or laminate kitchen furniture are particularly prone to heat damage and discolouration. We cannot accept responsibility for damage caused by normal use of the cooker to any material that de-laminates or discolours at temperatures less than 65 °C above room temperature.

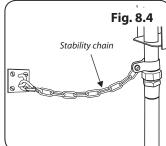
We recommend a gap of 905 mm between units to allow for moving the cooker. Do not box the cooker in – it must be possible to move the cooker in and out for cleaning and servicing.

Check the appliance is electrically safe and gas sound when you have finished.









# **Moving the Cooker**



On no account try and move the cooker while it is plugged into the electricity supply.



The cooker is very heavy, so take extra care.

We recommend that two people manoeuvre the cooker. Make sure that the floor covering is firmly fixed, or removed, to prevent it being disturbed when moving the cooker around.

To help you, there are two levelling rollers at the back, and two screw-down levelling feet at the front.

Remove the polystyrene base pack. From the front, tilt the cooker backwards and remove the front half of the polystyrene base (Fig. 8.1).

Repeat from the back and remove the rear half of the polystyrene base.

# **Lowering the Two Rear Rollers**

To adjust the height of the rear of the cooker, first fit a 13 mm spanner or socket wrench onto the hexagonal adjusting nut (Fig. 8.2). Rotate the nut – clockwise to raise – counterclockwise to lower.

Make 10 complete (360°) turns clockwise.

Make sure you lower BOTH REAR ROLLERS.

# **Completing the Move**

Unfold the rear edge of the cardboard base tray. Open the oven door(s) so that you can get a good grip on the bottom of the fascia panel as you move the oven (Fig. 8.3).

Carefully push the cooker backwards off the base tray. Remove the base tray.

Position the cooker close to its final position, leaving just enough space to get behind it.



DO NOT use the door handles or control knobs to manoeuvre the cooker.

# Levelling

You are recommended to use a spirit level on a shelf in one of the ovens to check for level.

Place the cooker in its intended position, taking care not to twist it within the gap between the kitchen units as damage may occur to the cooker or the units.

The front feet and rear rollers can be adjusted to level the cooker. To adjust the height of the rear of the cooker turn the adjusting nuts at the front bottom corners of the cooker. To set the front feet turn the bases to raise or lower.

Check the appliance is electrically safe and gas sound when you have finished.

# **Fitting the Stability Bracket or Chain**

Unless otherwise stated, a cooker using a flexible gas connector must be secured with a suitable stability device.

Suitable stability devices are shown in **Fig. 8.4**, **Fig. 8.5** and **Fig. 8.6**.

If you are using a stability chain (**Fig. 8.4**) then the chain should be kept as short as is practicable and fixed firmly to the rear of the cooker.

If you are using a stability bracket (**Fig. 8.5** and **Fig. 8.6**), then adjust the bracket to give the smallest practicable clearance between the bracket and the engagement slot in the rear of the cooker.

Fit the bracket so that it engages as far as possible over the chassis of the cooker.

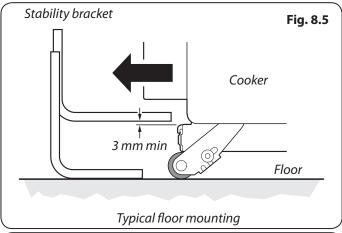
# Repositioning the Cooker Following Connection

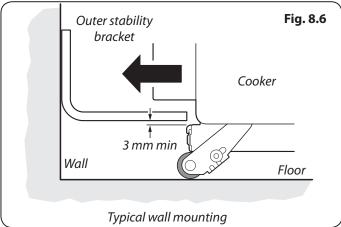
If you need to move the cooker once it has been connected then you need to unplug it and, having gripped under the fascia panel and lifted the front of the cooker slightly (Fig. 8.3), you need to check behind the cooker to make sure that the gas hose is not caught.

As you progress, make sure that both the electricity cable and gas hose always have sufficient slack to allow the cooker to move.

With a stability chain fitted, release it as you ease the cooker out. Do not forget to refit it when you replace the cooker.

When you replace the cooker, again check behind to make sure that the electricity cable and gas hose are not caught or trapped.





Check the appliance is electrically safe and gas sound when you have finished.

# **Gas Connection**

# **Conversion to Another Gas**

If the appliance is to be converted to another gas do the conversion at this point. See 'Conversion to LP Gas'.

# **Gas Connection**

This must be in accordance with the relevant standards.

The flexible hose (not supplied with the cooker) must be in accordance with the relevant standards. Hoses may be purchased at most builders' merchants.

The gas supply needs to terminate with a down-facing bayonet.

The connector is located just below the hotplate level at the rear of the cooker. If in doubt contact your supplier.

The rear cover boxes limit the position of the supply point.

Because the height of the cooker can be adjusted and each connection is different, it is difficult to give precise dimensions.

Although a 900 mm hose can be used, a 1250 mm hose will allow slightly more flexibility in the positioning of the bayonet and make moving the cooker easier.

The hose should be fitted so that both inlet and outlet connections are vertical so that the hose hangs downwards in a 'U' shape.

Ideally the hose supply connection should be within the shaded area 'A' (Fig. 8.1).

Note: If space behind the cooker is limited, fit the spacer provided to give a greater clearance (**Fig. 8.2**).

For Natural Gas, the flexible hose must be in accordance with BS 669. For LP Gas, it should be capable of 50 mbar pressure, 70 °C temperature rise, and carry a red stripe, band or label. If in doubt contact, your supplier.

Screw connect the threaded end of the hose into the gas inlet.

After completing the gas connection, make sure that the cooker is gas sound with a pressure test.

# **Pressure Testing**

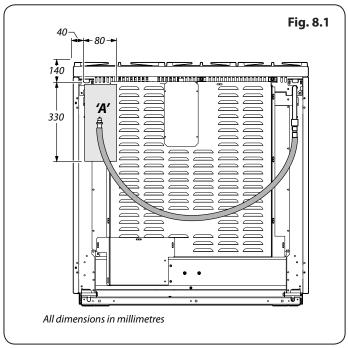
The gas pressure can be measured at one of the hotplate burner injectors (not a wok burner).

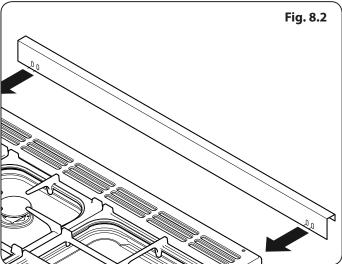
Lift off a burner head. Fit the pressure gauge to the injector. Turn on and light one of the other hotplate burners.

Turn on the control knob for the burner with the pressure gauge fitted to let gas through.

# See the data badge for test pressures.

Turn off the burners. Make sure that you reassemble the burner top in the correct way on the burner body.





Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.

# **Electrical Connection**

The cooker must be installed by a qualified electrician, in accordance with all relevant British Standards/Codes of Practice (in particular BS 7671), or with the relevant national and local regulations.



# WARNING: THE APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED.

**Note:** The cooker must be connected to the correct electrical supply as stated on the voltage label on the cooker, through a suitable cooker control unit incorporating a double-pole switch, having a contact separation of at least 3 mm in all poles.



# The cooker MUST NOT be connected to an ordinary domestic power point.

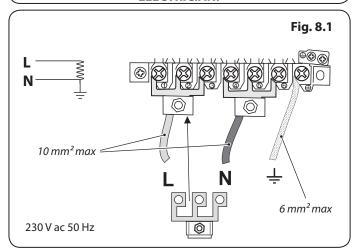
Access to the mains terminal is gained by removing the electrical terminal cover box on the back panel. Connect the mains cable to the correct terminals for your electrical supply type (**Fig. 8.1** and **Fig. 8.2**). Check that the links are correctly fitted and that the terminal screws are tight.

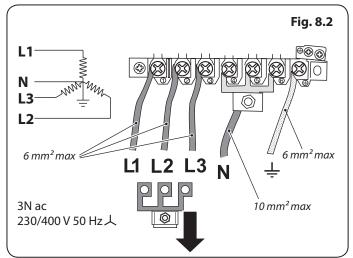
Secure the mains cable using the cable clamp.

# **Current Operated Earth Leakage Breakers**

The combined use of your cooker and other domestic appliances may cause nuisance tripping, so we recommend that the cooker is protected on an individual RCD (Residual Current Device) or RCBO (Residual Current Breaker with Overload).

# IF IN DOUBT, PLEASE CONSULT A SUITABLY QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN.





Check the appliance is electrically safe and gas sound when you have finished.

# **Final Checks and Fittings**

# **Hotplate Check**

Check each burner in turn. There is a flame supervision device (FSD) that stops the flow of gas to the burner if the flame goes out.

To light a burner, push in and turn the associated control knob to the high position indicated by the large flame symbol (**6**).

The igniter should spark and light the gas. Keep holding the knob pressed in to let the gas through to the burner for a few seconds.

If, when you let go of the control knob, the burner goes out, then the FSD has not been bypassed. Turn the control knob to the Off position and wait for one minute before you try again, this time making sure to hold in the control knob for slightly longer.



Turn on the oven and check that it starts to heat up. Check that the oven lights are working. Turn off the oven.

Note: The oven light bulb is not included in the guarantee.

# **Fitting**

# **Removing the Oven Door**

To remove the oven door, open the door fully. Swivel the locking 'U' clips forward to the locking position **(Fig. 8.1)**. Grip the sides of the door, lift upwards and then slide the door forwards **(Fig. 8.2)**.

# **Refitting the Oven Door**

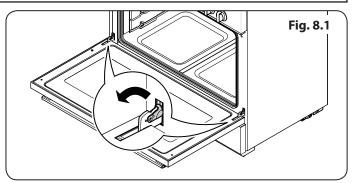
To refit the door, slide the hinges back into their slots. Rotate the locking 'U' clips back to fit onto the hinges.

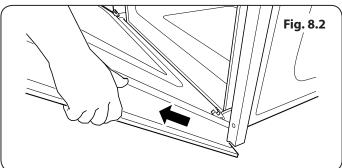
# **Fitting the Plinth**

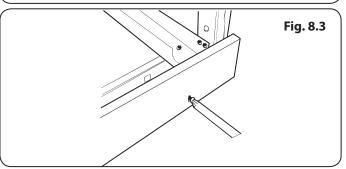
Remove the 3 screws for the plinth mounts along the front bottom edge of the range (**Fig. 8.3**). Fasten the plinth using these screws.

# **Customer Care**

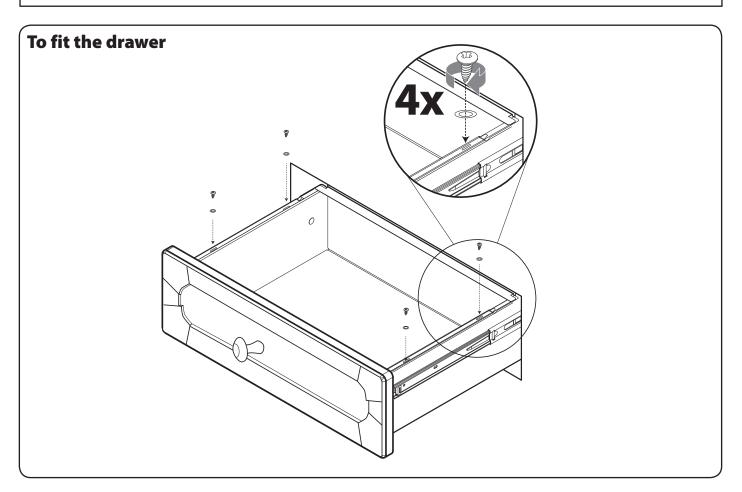
**Installer:** Please complete your details in this guide, inform the user how to operate the cooker and hand over the instructions.

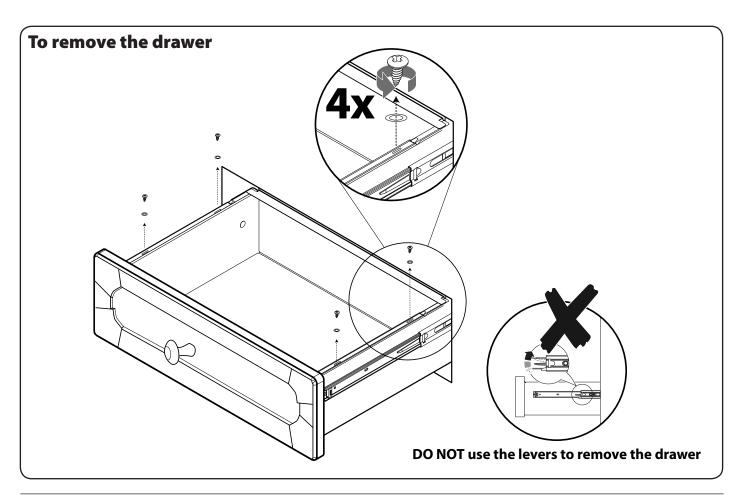




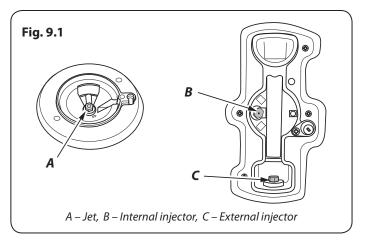


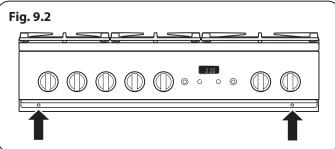
INSTALLATION
Check the appliance is electrically safe and gas sound when you have finished.

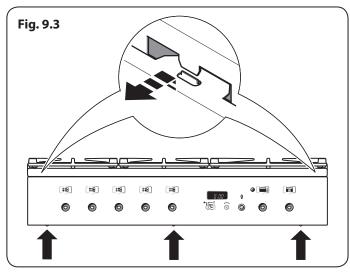


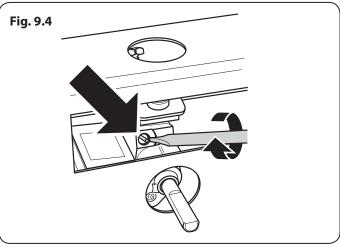


# 9. Conversion to LP Gas









Check in the 'Technical Data' section at the back of these instructions that the cooker is convertible to the gas you want to use.

This conversion must be performed by a competent person, in accordance with these instructions and with the local supply company requirements.

Failure to convert the appliance correctly could invalidate any warranty or liability claims and lead to prosecution.

The conversion instructions must be used in conjunction with the rest of the appliance instruction, in particular for information on Standards, cooker positioning, connection, hose suitability, etc.

When servicing or replacing gas-carrying components, disconnect from the gas before starting, and check that the appliance is gas sound after completion.

**DO NOT** use reconditioned or unauthorised gas controls.

Disconnect from the electricity supply before conversion. Before electrical reconnection, check that the appliance is electrically safe.

# **Injectors**

Remove the burner caps and heads. Remove the old jets. Fit the new jets: see 'Technical Data' section for correct jets. Reassemble in the reverse order (Fig. 9.1).

# **Tap Adjustment**

Disconnect from the electricity supply.

Remove all control knobs. Open the oven door. Undo the 2 screws on the oven beak (**Fig. 9.2**) and remove. Remove the 3 fixing screws on the underside of the control. The control panel should drop down slightly. It is held at each end by two holes in the top edge (**Fig. 9.3**) that locate on the tags on the inner panel.

Lift the control panel clear of the tags and pull the control panel forward.

Take care not to damage or strain the wiring.

# **Bypass Screw Adjustment**

Turn the bypass screw on each control clockwise to the stop (Fig. 9.4). Refit the control panel.

# WARNING – SERVICING TO BE CARRIED OUT ONLY BY AN AUTHORISED PERSON Disconnect from electricity and gas before servicing. Check appliance is safe when you have finished.

# **Stick on Label**

Stick the LP gas label over the natural gas part of the appliance data label.

# **Pressure Testing**

Connect the appliance to the gas supply.

# Check the appliance is gas sound.

The gas pressure can be measured at one of the hotplate injectors (not a wok burner).

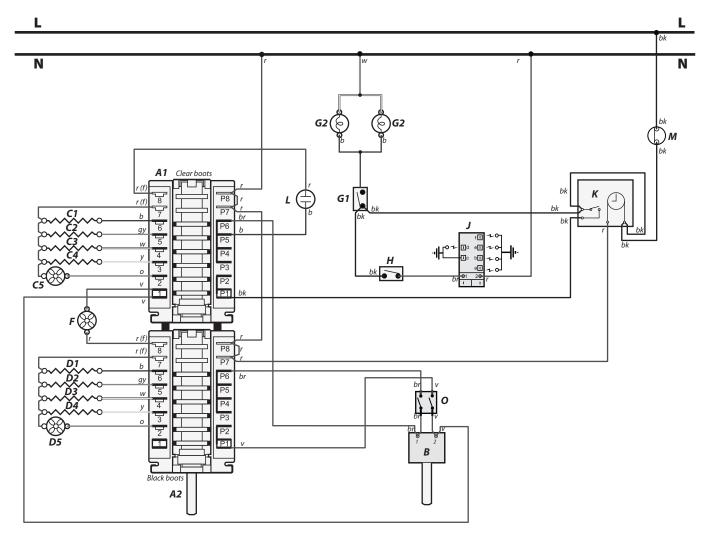
Lift off a burner head. Fit the pressure gauge to the jet. Turn on and light one of the other burners. Turn on and press in the control knob for the burner with the pressure gauge fitted.

The pressure should be 29 mbar for Butane and 37 mbar for Propane. After checking the pressure, turn off the taps and replace the burner head.

Reassemble burner top, making sure it is reassembled in the correct way on the burner body.

Check the operation of all the burners.

# 10. Circuit Diagram



**Key**The connections shown in the circuit diagram are for single-phase. The ratings are for 230V 50 Hz.

Code	Description
<b>A</b> 1	Master function controller
A2	Drone function controller
В	Temperature controller
<b>C</b> 1	Right-hand bottom element
C2	Right-hand top outer element
С3	Right-hand top inner element
C4	Right-hand fan element
C5	Right-hand fan
D1	Left-hand bottom element
D2	Left-hand top outer element
D3	Left-hand top inner element
D4	Left-hand fan element
D5	Left-hand fan

Code	Description
F	Cooling fan
G1	Oven light switch
G2	Oven lights
Н	Tap switches
J	Spark generator
K	Clock
L	Oven neon
М	Thermostat protection
	·

Code	Colour
ь	Blue
br	Brown
bk	Black
or	Orange
r	Red
v	Violet
w	White
у	Yellow
g/y	Green/yellow
gr	Grey

# 11. Technical Data

THE COOKER IS CATEGORY: Catll<sub>2H3+</sub>.

It is supplied set for group H natural gas. A conversion kit from NG to LP is available for the cooker.

**INSTALLER:** Please leave these instructions with the user.

DATA BADGE LOCATION: Cooker back, serial number repeater badge below oven door opening.

**COUNTRY OF DESTINATION: GB, IE.** 

# **Connections**

Gas (Rp ½ at rear right-hand side)		Electric
Natural Gas	20 mbar	
Butane	29 mbar	230/400V 50 Hz
Propane	37 mbar	

See the appliance badge for test pressures.

# **Dimensions**

Model	Professional+ FX 90 Dual Fuel		
Overall height	minimum 905 mm maximum 930 mm		
Overall width	900 mm		
Overall depth	608 mm excluding handles, 645 mm including handles		
Minimum height above the hotplate	650 mm		

# **Hotplate Ratings**

Hatmlata	Bypass	Natur	Natural Gas 20 mb		L.P. Gas	
Hotplate	Screw*		Injector		Injector	
Wok burner	57	3.5 kW	internal 78	2.5 kW/246 a/b	internal 53	
wok burner	37	3.5 KVV	external 126	3.5 kW (246 g/h	external 82	
Rapide/ Large Burner	40	3 kW	134	3.0 kW (210 g/h)	87	
Semi Rapide / Medium Burner	32	1.7 kW	109	1.7 kW (119 g/h)	68	
Auxiliary / Small Burner	28	1 kW	75	1.0 kW (70 g/h)	51	

<sup>\*</sup>The valves in this cooker are fitted with adjustable bypass screws. The cooker is supplied with the bypass screws set for Natural Gas. For LPG conversion the bypass screws must be screwed all the way down.

# Hotplate energy saving tips

Use cookware with a flat base.

Use the correct size cookware.

Use cookware with a lid.

Minimise the amount of liquid or fat.

When liquid starts boiling, reduce the setting.

Consumption is based on G30.

# Oven energy saving tips

Cook meals together, if possible.

Keep the pre-heating time short.

Do not lengthen cooking time.

Do not open the oven door during the cooking period.

Do not forget to turn the appliance off at the end of cooking.

# **Hotplate Efficiency**

Brand	Rangemaster
Model Identification	Professional+ FX
Size	90 Single Cavity
Туре	Dual Fuel

Type of Hob	GAS
Number of gas burners	5
Auxiliary / Small Burner (EE gas burner)	-
Semi Rapide / Medium Burner (EE gas burner)	58%
Semi Rapide / Medium Burner (EE gas burner)	58%
Rapide / Large Burner (EE gas burner)	56%
Rapide / Large Burner (EE gas burner)	-
Wok (EE gas burner)	53%
Wok (EE gas burner)	-
Hotplate EE gas hob (*)	56%

Information marked thus (\*) is not required with mixed fuel hobs

# **Oven Data**

Brand		Rangemaster			
Model identification		Professional+ FX			
Type of oven	of oven				
Mass	kg	122			
Number of cavities		1			
Single Cavity Efficiency					
Fuel type		Electric			
Cavity type = Drop Down Door		Multifunction*			
Power - conventional		2.75			
Power - forced air convection		3.3			
Volume	Litres	114			
Energy consumption (electricity) - conventional	kWh / cycle	1.16			
Energy consumption (electricity) - forced air convection	kWh / cycle	1.03			
Energy efficiency index - conventional		112.8			
Energy efficiency index - forced air convection		100.1			
Energy class		A			

Additional Information		
The oven complies with EN 60350-1		
Maximum output @ 230V 50Hz	Full	Divided
Fan element	3.31 kW	1.65 kW
Top element	3.49 kW	1.75 kW
Browning element	2.11 kW	1.06 kW
Bottom element	1.38 kW	0.69 kW

Maximum total electrical load at 230 V (approximate total including hob, oven lights, oven fan, etc.)	3.6 kW
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Name of Appliance & 0	Colour*			
Appliance Serial Numb	oer*			
Fuel Type*	Natural Gas  Dual Fuel		LP Gas	
Retailer's Name & Add			LICCUITO	
Date of Purchase				
Installer's Name & Add	dress			
Installer's Telephone N	Number			
Date of Installation				
*This information is on the appliance data badge - look in the appliance instructions to find out where the data badge is located.				

### **CONSUMER SERVICE**

If you have any product enquiries, or in the event of a problem with your appliance once it has been installed, please telephone 0800 804 6261 or 0370 789 5107 from a mobile.

### CONSUMER SERVICE LINES OPEN:

Monday to Thursday 8am-6pm Friday 8am-5pm Saturday 9am-1pm

# **WARRANTY**

Your manufacturer warranty covers goods of our own brand for defective workmanship and materials for a period of 1 year from the date of purchase. This warranty covers mechanical breakdown and proven cosmetic and manufacturing defects.

You will receive an additional FREE full 12 months guarantee by registering your purchase using the FREEPOST form provided. Alternatively, call free on 0800 587 5747, quoting reference RMGX57A, or register online at www.rangemaster.co.uk.

Any damage, blemishes or chips identified upon receipt of the product must be reported within 90 days – proof of purchase may be required to establish validity. Scratches on the surface of ceramic hobs must be reported within 14 days. Scratches caused by usage are not covered. Accidental damage is not covered by the manufacturer's warranty.

# For warranty compliance, the requirements are that the appliance:

- Has been correctly installed in accordance with current legislation, relevant British and European Standards and Codes of Practice, by a suitably competent person registered with Gas Safe or equivalent body and, where applicable, a qualified electrician.
- Has been used solely for domestic cooking purposes.
- If in use in the UK\*, has not been taken abroad as a personal export. (In the Republic of Ireland conditions may vary, so consult your retailer.)
- Is not second-hand or a refurbished appliance. The manufacturer's warranty is not transferable.
- Has not been subject to misuse, accidental damage or modification, and has not deteriorated due to normal domestic wear and tear, and the manufacturer's recommendations concerning cleaning materials have been followed.
- Has not been repaired by persons or organisations other than those authorised to act on behalf of AGA Rangemaster.

# **Exceptions:**

- Items not included under the free 1 year guarantee include pan supports, griddles, wok rings, baking trays, grill pans, trivets, filters, light bulbs and other consumable accessories.
- Any damage caused other than through normal use.
- Breakdowns associated with cooking spillage.
- Cosmetic deterioration deemed to be normal wear and tear.

## This warranty is in addition to your Statutory Rights.

Only certain models can be adapted for use with Mains Gas supplied in the Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

# **OUT OF WARRANTY**

We recommend that Rangemaster appliances are serviced regularly throughout their life to maintain optimum performance and efficiency. Service work should only be carried out by technically competent and suitably qualified personnel.

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For your own safety, always make sure that work is carried out by a Gas Safe registered engineer for gas appliances or an approved electrician for electrical models.

For a competetive quote and to arrange for a Rangemaster approved engineer to attend, call Consumer Services on: 0800 804 6261 or 0370 789 5107 from a mobile.

# **SPARE PARTS**

To maintain optimum and safe performance, we recommend that only genuine Rangemaster spare parts are used. These are available from most major spares stockists, including ourselves.

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Contact Consumer Services on 0800 804 6261 or 0370 789 5107 from a mobile, who will be happy to help.

# **STANDARDS**

Rangemaster cookers are designed and manufactured to a recognised international quality standard, which meets the requirements of BS EN ISO 9001, BS EN ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001 for continually improving environmental procedures.

Rangemaster cookers comply with the essential requirements of the appropriate European Directives, and carry the CE mark.

# Designed to impress

# The Co-ordinating Collection.

• Refrigeration • Sinks & Taps • Hoods & Splashbacks • Built-in Cooking • Dishwashing





Built from experience

Clarence Street Royal Leamington Spa Warwickshire CV31 2AD England

Consumer Services: +44 (0)800 804 6261 or (0)370 789 5107 from a mobile.

Fax: +44 (0)1926 450526

E-mail: consumers@agarangemaster.co.uk

www.rangemaster.co.uk

For UK Trade Enquiries Tel: +44 (0)115 946 4000

Fax: +44 (0)115 973 6602

E-mail: sales@agarangemaster.co.uk

For ROI Enquiries Tel: 1850 302 502

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**AGA** RANGEMaster







